Zaban MrEf

Saleheftekhari7

Saleheftekhari.ir

کنکور منحصرا زبان انگلیسی ۲۰۰ واژه ضروری

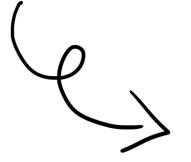
سخت و سخت تر ویژه کنکور زبان تیر ۱۴۰۴



SIBA

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# تنها منابع کنکوری زبان با پشتیبانی آنلاین و آزمون های مکمل



- منابع كنكور منمصرا زبان:

√ گرامر و ساختار جمله

کتاب گرامر پایه تا پیشرفته زبان انگلیسی انتشارات جالیز (جلر ۱)

۱ واژگان و ملامه

کتاب واژگان و مکالمه انتشارات بالیز (بلد ۲)

✓ کلوز تست و درک مطلب

کتاب <sub>در</sub> بستبوی متن انتشارات بالیز (بلد ۳)

. و نهایتا

کتاب جمع بندی زبان تفصصی کنکور انتشارات جنگل



برای تهیه کتاب ها به سایت
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مرابعه کنیر.

قبلنا سفت بود كنكور زبان قبول شرن اما الان مبموعه مِهاركانه هس! .... (: بمالككم

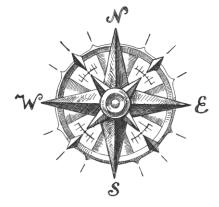
تنها آکادمی زبان عمومی و امتحان نهایی کنکور با پشتیبانی آنلاین و آزمون های مکمل

جهِت آمارکی راوطلبان کروه های تبربی، ریاضی، انسانی، هنر و زبان برای امتمان نهایی

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با سی همه پی آسون و لزت بفش میشه! ـــاکــالـ



واژه های زیر واژه های سختی اَن! لطفاا لطفا اگه سطح زبانی پیشرفته ندارید فعلا ن خ و نید چون چیزایی ام که قبلا یاد گرفتید رو فراموش می کنند. (:

نکته بعدی اینکه تلفظ واژه ها نوشته نشدن تا خودتون تو دیکشنری های مختلف غوطه ور شید و تر و توی واژه هدف رو در بیارید! (البته قسمت index رو انتهای جزوه نگاه بندازید! {:

این واژه ها برای کسایی بود که نگران اون 7 8 تست انتهایی سوالات وکب کنکور هستند.

آخرين نكته هم نوش ژووونتون و print فايل حتما انجام شه. (:



# Part

# 1

#### • 1. Aberration

Definition: A deviation from the norm; an anomaly.

- The recent surge in violence is considered an aberration in an otherwise peaceful city.
- The scientist noted the data point as an aberration and excluded it from the analysis.

#### 2. Abhorrent

Definition: Inspiring disgust and loathing; repugnant.

- The policies were condemned as **abhorrent** by human rights groups.
- She found his behavior **abhorrent** and refused to associate with him.

#### 3. Abrogate

Definition: To repeal or do away with (a law, right, or formal agreement).

- The government moved to **abrogate** the outdated treaty.
- Several activists demanded the city abrogate the unfair policies.

#### • 4. Acerbic

Definition: Sharp and forthright (especially of speech or style).

- His **acerbic** remarks during the debate shocked the audience.
- The critic's review was **acerbic**, yet insightful.

#### 5. Acquiesce

Definition: To accept something reluctantly but without protest.

- The council **acquiesced** to the mayor's demands despite reservations.
- Although hesitant, she **acquiesced** to the committee's decision.

# • 6. Acrimony

Definition: Bitterness or ill feeling.



- The negotiations ended with considerable acrimony.
- There was noticeable **acrimony** between the two political factions.

#### 7. Acumen

Definition: The ability to make good judgments and quick decisions.

- Her business acumen helped the company thrive in a competitive market.
- Political acumen is essential for anyone seeking office.

#### **9** 8. Adulation

Definition: Excessive admiration or praise.

- The actor's performance earned him adulation from critics and fans alike.
- Despite the **adulation**, he remained humble.

#### 9. Affable

Definition: Friendly, easy to talk to.

- The president's affable manner helped ease tensions during the summit.
- She is known for her **affable** personality and open-door policy.

#### • 10. Alacrity

Definition: Cheerful willingness or eagerness.

- Volunteers responded with alacrity to the disaster relief call.
- He accepted the invitation with **alacrity**.

#### 9 11. Ambivalent

Definition: Having mixed feelings about something.

- Many voters remain ambivalent about the upcoming election.
- She felt ambivalent about moving to a new city.

#### 3 12. Ameliorate

Definition: To make something better or more tolerable.

- The government introduced measures to ameliorate poverty.
- Efforts to ameliorate the traffic congestion have yet to show results.

#### 31. Anachronism

Definition: Something out of its proper time period.

- The use of typewriters in the modern office feels like an anachronism.
- His fashion sense was considered an **anachronism** in the digital age.

#### 9 14. Anathema

Definition: Something or someone detested or loathed.

- The idea of censorship was anathema to the free press.
- Tax evasion is **anathema** to honest citizens.

# 15. Apex

Definition: The top or highest part.

- The summit meeting represented the apex of diplomatic negotiation.
- The athlete reached the apex of his career last year.

# **16.** Approbation

Definition: Approval or praise.

- The novel received widespread approbation from critics.
- The policy changes met with approbation from the public.

#### 9 17. Arduous



Definition: Involving or requiring strenuous effort.

- The rescue mission was an **arduous** task in difficult terrain.
- Completing the marathon was an **arduous** challenge.

#### 18. Ascetic

Definition: Practicing strict self-discipline and abstention.

- The monk led an ascetic life of meditation and minimalism.
- His ascetic lifestyle contrasted with the city's extravagance.

# 9 19. Asperity

Definition: Harshness of tone or manner.

- The manager's **asperity** surprised the normally calm team.
- There was **asperity** in her voice during the argument.

#### 20. Assiduous

Definition: Showing great care and perseverance.

- The scientist's **assiduous** work led to important discoveries.
- Students must be **assiduous** to succeed in competitive environments.

#### 31. Astute

Definition: Having sharp judgment; clever.

- The journalist's **astute** observations uncovered corruption.
- She made an **astute** business decision that increased profits.

# 22. Atrophy

Definition: Gradual decline or wasting away.

- Without regular exercise, muscles begin to atrophy.
- The region's economy showed signs of atrophy under neglect.

# **23.** Audacious

Definition: Bold, daring, sometimes recklessly so.

- The company's audacious marketing campaign paid off.
- His audacious plan took everyone by surprise.

# **24.** Auspicious

Definition: Conducive to success; favorable.

- The treaty signing was an **auspicious** start to peace talks.
- An auspicious beginning raised hopes for the new policy.

#### 25. Avarice

Definition: Extreme greed for wealth or material gain.

- The scandal exposed politicians fueled by avarice.
- Avarice often leads to corrupt practices in business.

# 36. Belligerent

Definition: Hostile or aggressive.

- The nation adopted a **belligerent** stance in the conflict.
- His **belligerent** attitude caused tensions to escalate.

# 27. Bereft

Definition: Deprived or lacking something.

- The community was **bereft** of resources after the hurricane.
- She felt **bereft** of hope following the news.



#### 3 28. Bombastic

Definition: High-sounding but with little meaning; inflated.

- The politician's **bombastic** speeches failed to convince voters.
- Critics dismissed the show's **bombastic** dialogue.

#### 39. Bucolic

Definition: Relating to the pleasant aspects of countryside life.

- The writer described a **bucolic** scene of rolling hills.
- They moved to a **bucolic** village to escape the city noise.

# 30. Cacophony

Definition: A harsh, discordant mixture of sounds.

- The city streets were filled with the **cacophony** of honking horns.
- The protesters' chants created a **cacophony** near the parliament.



# Sample Test

Choose the best answer for each of the following items.

l. The recent market carrowth.	rash was an	_—a rare event that di	srupted years of steady
1) aberration	2) acumen	3) approbation	4) alacrity
2. The diplomat's	tone during negoti	ations softened the prev	iously tense atmosphere
1) acerbic	2) affable	3) asperity	4) avarice
3. Despite their misgiving	gs, the committee relucta	ntly to the p	proposed policy changes
1) abrogated	2) acquiesced	3) ameliorated	4) atrophied
	tal law aims to	the damage caused	d by years of industrial
<b>pollution.</b> 1) abrogate	2) ameliorate	3) exacerbate	4) atrophy
5. Her busi	ness decisions ensured	the company remained	profitable even during
economic downturns.			
1) aberrant	2) astute	3) bombastic	4) belligerent
	remarks shocked the	e employees but sparked	d a necessary debate on
company reforms.			
1) acerbic	2) affable	3) ascetic	4) audacious
	d with to tl	ne urgent call for disas	ter relief, eager to help
mmediately.			
1) alacrity	2) acrimony	3) anathema	4) avarice
	cript was considered a	n, as it o	contained references to
technologies not invented			
1) approbation	2) anachronism	3) aberration	4) aspersion
9. The ongoing feud bet chance of reconciliation.	ween the two factions er	nded with bitter	that hampered any
1) affability	2) acrimony	3) adulation	4) acquiescence
10. The legendary athle Olympic gold medal.	te's career reached its _	when she wo	on her third consecutive
organipie Solu Illeudi.		3) aberration	4) approbation

**Answer Key:** 

aberration affable acquies cedame li orate a stute a cerbical acrityan a chronism a crimonya pex



# Part

# 2

#### 31. Cadence

Definition: Rhythmic flow or pattern.

- The speaker's **cadence** held the audience's attention.
- Soldiers marched in perfect cadence.
- 32. Cajole

Definition: To persuade by flattery or promises.

- He cajoled his manager into giving him a raise.
- They tried to cajole the witness into changing their statement.

#### 33. Callous

Definition: Showing insensitive or cruel disregard for others.

- The company's **callous** treatment of employees caused outrage.
- His callous remarks upset many people.

#### 34. Capitulate

Definition: To surrender or give in.

- The rebels finally **capitulated** after a long siege.
- Faced with overwhelming pressure, she capitulated to their demands.

#### 35. Caustic

Definition: Severely critical or sarcastic; able to burn or corrode.

- The critic's **caustic** review devastated the playwright.
- His caustic comments alienated potential allies.

#### 36. Chauvinism

Definition: Excessive or prejudiced loyalty or support, especially to one's own group.

- His chauvinism alienated colleagues from other departments.
- The article was criticized for its overt **chauvinism**.

# 37. Chicanery

Definition: Deception or trickery.

- The politician was accused of financial chicanery.
- Corporate **chicanery** often goes unnoticed by the public.

# 38. Circumspect

Definition: Wary and unwilling to take risks.

- Diplomats remained **circumspect** during sensitive negotiations.
- Investors took a **circumspect** approach to the new venture.

# 39. Clandestine

Definition: Kept secret, usually for illicit purposes.



- The agency conducted **clandestine** operations abroad.
- There was a **clandestine** meeting between the rival factions.

#### 3 40. Cogent

Definition: Clear, logical, and convincing.

- He presented a **cogent** argument in favor of reform.
- The lawyer's **cogent** explanation swayed the jury.

#### **9** 41. Commensurate

Definition: Corresponding in size or degree.

- Pay was **commensurate** with experience and qualifications.
- Responsibilities will be **commensurate** with the new role.

# **9** 42. Conflagration

Definition: A large destructive fire.

- The wildfire turned into a devastating **conflagration** across the forest.
- The civil war ignited a **conflagration** that engulfed the region.

#### **3.** Congenial

Definition: Pleasant because of similar tastes or interests.

- She found the company of like-minded people most congenial.
- The town's atmosphere was friendly and congenial.

# 44. Conjecture

Definition: An opinion or conclusion formed without sufficient evidence.

- Much of the debate was based on **conjecture** rather than facts.
- Scientists caution against conjecture without data.

# **3.** 45. Conundrum

Definition: A confusing and difficult problem or question.

- The policy presented a **conundrum** for lawmakers.
- Solving the budget deficit remains a **conundrum**.

# 46. Corpulent

Definition: Excessively fat.

- The corpulent businessman was a regular target of satire.
- He adopted a healthier lifestyle after becoming corpulent.

# • 47. Credulous

Definition: Having a tendency to believe too readily.

- The scam preyed on the **credulous** elderly.
- She was too **credulous** to see the deceit.

# 3 48. Cryptic

Definition: Having a meaning that is mysterious or obscure.

- The message was **cryptic** and difficult to decode.
- His **cryptic** comments confused the audience.

# • 49. Cursory

Definition: Hasty and not thorough.

- The report was a cursory overview of the situation.
- Inspectors gave only a **cursory** glance at the premises.

# 9 50. Dearth



Definition: A scarcity or lack of something.

- There is a **dearth** of reliable information on the topic.
- The region suffers from a **dearth** of clean water.

#### 9 51. Debacle

Definition: A sudden and ignominious failure; a fiasco.

- The product launch turned into a complete **debacle**.
- The government's handling of the crisis was a **debacle**.

#### • 52. Debilitate

Definition: To weaken or make someone weak.

- The illness **debilitated** him for months.
- Economic sanctions can **debilitate** a country's industries.

#### 53. Decorum

Definition: Behavior in keeping with good taste and propriety.

- The ceremony was conducted with proper decorum.
- She maintained **decorum** despite the heated argument.

#### • 54. Deference

Definition: Respectful submission or yielding to judgment or opinion.

- Out of **deference** to the judge, the witness remained silent.
- Employees showed deference to the company's founder.

# • 55. Denigrate

Definition: To criticize unfairly; disparage.

- The article unfairly **denigrated** the efforts of volunteers.
- Opponents sought to denigrate his achievements.

## 9 56. Deride

Definition: To express contempt or ridicule.

- Critics **derided** the new policy as unrealistic.
- He was derided by peers for his unconventional views.

# 57. Derivative

Definition: Imitative of the work of another person and usually lacking originality.

- The film was criticized as **derivative** and unoriginal.
- Many pop songs are considered derivative of past hits.

# 58. Despot

Definition: A ruler with absolute power, often cruel or oppressive.

- The country suffered under the rule of a ruthless **despot**.
- Human rights organizations condemned the despot's regime.

# 39. Diaphanous

Definition: Light, delicate, and translucent (often referring to fabric).

- She wore a diaphanous gown that fluttered in the breeze.
- The curtains were made of **diaphanous** silk.

#### • 60. Didactic

Definition: Intended to teach or instruct, often in a moralizing way.

- The speaker's tone was overly didactic and off-putting.
- The novel has a **didactic** message about social justice.



# Sample Test

Choose the best answer for each of the following items.

1) cadence	2) conjecture	3) deference	4) debacle
. Despite initial doubt	s, she managed to	her manager into fun	ding her innovative
project through persist	,	0	8
1) cajole	2) capitulate	3) deride	4) debilitate
	al to acknowledge the suff	ering of others made him	widely disliked and
nistrusted.		-	
1) callous	2) congenial	3) cogent	4) didactic
	stance, the besieged city wa	as forced to to t	he invading army'
lemands.	2) 1 :	2) 1 :	4> 1
1) capitulate	2) denigrate	3) derive	4) decry
5. The playwright was of positive reception.	devastated by the critic's	remarks, which	destroyed any hop
- 1 · - 1	2) aireann an a at	2)	4) and dulance
1) caustic	2) circumspect	3) commensurate	4) credulous
6. The company's	attitude toward its e	employees led to protests a	nd calls for reform
1) callous		2) congenial	
3) commendable		4) circumspect	
7. The politician was a	ccused of when	it was discovered he had	deliberately misle
the public to gain votes		it was discovered he had	deliberately misled
		it was discovered he had 3) decorum	<b>deliberately misle</b> 4) derision
the public to gain votes 1) chicanery	2) censure	3) decorum	4) derision
the public to gain votes 1) chicanery	2) censure tic talks, negotiators were	3) decorum	4) derision
the public to gain votes 1) chicanery 8. In sensitive diploma	2) censure tic talks, negotiators were	3) decorum	4) derision
the public to gain votes 1) chicanery  3. In sensitive diploma decisions that might ca 1) circumspect	tic talks, negotiators were use conflict.  2) credulous	3) decorum  2, wary of mak  3) didactic	4) derision  ing any premature  4) caustic
the public to gain votes 1) chicanery  3. In sensitive diploma decisions that might ca 1) circumspect	tic talks, negotiators were use conflict.	3) decorum  2, wary of mak  3) didactic	4) derision  ing any premature  4) caustic
2) chicanery  3. In sensitive diploma decisions that might ca  1) circumspect  4. The meeting was	tic talks, negotiators were use conflict.  2) credulous held secretly to av	3) decorum  2, wary of mak  3) didactic  void attention from rival g  3) cogent	4) derision  ing any premature 4) caustic  roups. 4) corpulent
the public to gain votes 1) chicanery  B. In sensitive diplomatecisions that might ca 1) circumspect  D. The meeting was 1) clandestine	tic talks, negotiators were use conflict. 2) credulous held secretly to av 2) candid	3) decorum  2, wary of mak  3) didactic  void attention from rival g  3) cogent	4) derision  ing any premature 4) caustic  roups. 4) corpulent

# **Answer Key:**

cadence cajo le cal lous capitulate caustic callous chicanery circums pect clandes tine cogent



# Part

# 3

## **61.** Dilatory

*Definition:* Slow to act; intended to cause delay.

- The administration's **dilatory** response angered the public.
- His dilatory tactics frustrated the progress of negotiations.
- **62.** Disparate

Definition: Essentially different in kind; not allowing comparison.

- The report compared disparate data sets from various regions.
- Their interests were so **disparate** that cooperation was difficult.

#### **3.** Disseminate

Definition: To spread or disperse widely.

- The organization aims to **disseminate** information about climate change.
- Fake news can quickly disseminate on social media.

#### **64.** Dissonance

Definition: Lack of harmony; disagreement.

- There was clear **dissonance** between the leaders' statements.
- Cognitive dissonance can cause stress when actions conflict with beliefs.

# 65. Dogmatic

Definition: Asserting opinions in an arrogant or authoritarian manner.

- The professor's **dogmatic** approach stifled debate.
- Leaders who are overly **dogmatic** can alienate their followers.

#### 66. Dubious

Definition: Doubtful; uncertain.

- The sources for the story were **dubious** at best.
- Investors were **dubious** about the company's rapid growth claims.

# 9 67. Ebullient

Definition: Cheerful and full of energy.

- The team was **ebullient** after winning the championship.
- Her ebullient personality made her popular at events.

#### **68.** Eclectic

Definition: Deriving ideas or style from diverse sources.

- The artist's style is **eclectic**, mixing realism and abstraction.
- His music collection is **eclectic**, ranging from classical to hip-hop.

# **9** 69. Egregious

Definition: Outstandingly bad; shocking.



- The company made an egregious error in handling the crisis.
- The report revealed **egregious** violations of human rights.

#### 30. Elucidate

Definition: To make something clear; explain.

- The spokesperson elucidated the government's position on immigration.
- The study aims to **elucidate** the causes of urban poverty.

#### 371. Emulate

Definition: To imitate or strive to equal.

- Young athletes often emulate their sports heroes.
- She tried to emulate the success of her predecessor.

#### 3 72. Enervate

Definition: To weaken or drain energy.

- The heatwave **enervated** workers in the open air.
- Prolonged stress can **enervate** even the most resilient individuals.

#### **9** 73. Ennui

Definition: A feeling of listlessness and dissatisfaction.

- The long meeting caused a sense of **ennui** among the attendees.
- Wealth without purpose can lead to deep ennui.

#### 9 74. Enumerate

Definition: To mention one by one.

- The report **enumerated** the failures of the administration.
- During the speech, she **enumerated** the benefits of the plan.

# • 75. Ephemeral

Definition: Lasting for a very short time.

- The excitement was **ephemeral**, fading within days.
- Many fashion trends are **ephemeral** and quickly replaced.

# • 76. Equanimity

Definition: Calmness and composure, especially in difficult situations.

- She faced the criticism with remarkable **equanimity**.
- Soldiers are trained to maintain equanimity in battle.

# • 77. Esoteric

Definition: Understood by only a small, specialized group.

- The professor's lecture was so **esoteric** that few attended.
- Esoteric jargon often alienates the general public.

# • 78. Estrange

Definition: To alienate or turn away.

- The harsh policies **estranged** many citizens from the government.
- Years of neglect had **estranged** him from his family.

# • 79. Eulogy

Definition: A speech or writing in praise of someone, typically after death.

- The senator delivered a moving **eulogy** at the memorial service.
- Her **eulogy** highlighted the deceased's lifetime achievements.



#### 9 80. Exacerbate

Definition: To make a problem or situation worse.

- Cutting social programs could **exacerbate** poverty.
- Tensions were **exacerbated** by the inflammatory remarks.

# 31. Exculpate

Definition: To clear from blame or guilt.

- New evidence **exculpated** the defendant.
- The investigation exculpated her of any wrongdoing.

#### **82.** Exigent

Definition: Urgent; requiring immediate action.

- The doctors responded to the **exigent** situation in the emergency room.
- The company faced exigent financial pressures.

#### **83.** Exonerate

Definition: To absolve someone from blame or fault.

- The report **exonerated** the official from corruption charges.
- DNA evidence helped **exonerate** the wrongly convicted man.

# **9** 84. Expeditious

Definition: Done efficiently and promptly.

- The agency promised an **expeditious** review of applications.
- An **expeditious** response is critical in disaster relief.

#### 9 85. Extant

Definition: Still in existence; surviving.

- Few extant manuscripts date back to the 12th century.
- The oldest **extant** building in the city is a cathedral.

## **9** 86. Facetious

Definition: Treating serious issues with inappropriate humor.

- His facetious remarks were not well received at the memorial.
- She made a facetious comment during the serious debate.

## 9 87. Fallacious

Definition: Based on a mistaken belief or unsound reasoning.

- The argument was **fallacious** and easily refuted.
- Conspiracy theories often rely on fallacious evidence.

#### **88.** Fastidious

Definition: Very attentive to detail; hard to please.

- The editor was fastidious about grammar and style.
- His fastidious nature meant the project took longer than expected.

# 9 89. Fatuous

Definition: Silly and pointless.

- The proposal was dismissed as **fatuous** by experts.
- Politicians sometimes make fatuous statements during campaigns.

# 90. Fecund

Definition: Fertile; capable of producing an abundance of offspring or ideas.

• The **fecund** farmlands yielded a rich harvest.



• The writer's mind was **fecund** with creative ideas.

# 91. Flagrant

Definition: Shockingly noticeable or evident; obvious.

- The **flagrant** disregard for safety regulations caused an accident.
- The player was penalized for a **flagrant** foul.

# 92. Flippant

Definition: Not showing a serious or respectful attitude.

- His **flippant** response angered the victims' families.
- Flippant remarks can undermine serious discussions.

#### 93. Fortuitous

Definition: Happening by chance, often lucky or fortunate.

- Their meeting was fortuitous, leading to a fruitful partnership.
- The discovery was **fortuitous**, not planned.

#### 94. Fractious

Definition: Irritable and quarrelsome.

- The meetings became **fractious** due to opposing viewpoints.
- Children can be **fractious** when tired or hungry.

#### 95. Garrulous

Definition: Excessively talkative.

- The garrulous witness slowed down the trial.
- He became garrulous after a few drinks.

#### 96. Guile

Definition: Sly or cunning intelligence.

- The diplomat used guile to negotiate a difficult treaty.
- Scammers often rely on guile to trick victims.

# 97. Harangue

Definition: A lengthy and aggressive speech.

- The politician delivered a harangue against government corruption.
- She launched into a harangue about inefficiency.

# 98. Hegemony

Definition: Leadership or dominance, especially by one state or group.

- The country exerted its **hegemony** over neighboring states.
- Media companies often compete for cultural hegemony.

# 99. Homogeneous

Definition: Uniform in composition or character.

- The population was largely **homogeneous** in language and culture.
- Homogeneous groups tend to share similar opinions.

#### 9 100. Iconoclast

Definition: A person who attacks cherished beliefs or institutions.

- The artist was an **iconoclast** who challenged traditional norms.
- Iconoclasts often face resistance from established authorities.



# Sample Test

Choose the best answer for each of the following items.

<u> </u>	tactics delayed the project so long that the client grew impatient and			
canceled the order. 1) dilatory	2) disparate	3) dubious	4) derivative	
<b>2</b> 0		_	s challenging because their	
industries and demograp  1) disparate	2) docile	3) ebullient	4) esoteric	
3. The charity launched	a campaign to	awareness about th	ne importance of clean water.	
1) disseminate	2) denigrate	3) deride	4) dupe	
4. The betwo	een his public statemen	ats and private actio	ns made many question his	
1) dissonance	2) decorum	3) deference	4) enmity	
5. The professor'sthan rigid lectures.	attitude frustrated	students who hoped	for an open discussion rather	
1) dogmatic	2) diaphanous	3) didactic	4) dexterous	
6. The company's financ	cial reports were so	that investors	doubted their accuracy and	
1) dubious	2) decorous	3) diligent	4) diffident	
7. After the championshi	ip win, the entire team v	vas, celeb	rating with great enthusiasm	
1) ebullient	2) estranged	3) frangible	4) flippant	
8. His taste in music was	, ranging fro	om classical symphon	ies to modern hip-hop.	
1) eclectic	2) effacing	3) eccentric	4) egregious	
9. The firm made an	error in judgme	ent that cost them mi	llions in lost revenue.	
1) egregious	2) ephemeral	3) equanimity	4) enfettered	
		1	:4:11 4: 1	
10. The spokesperson wa misunderstandings.	as asked to t	ne government's pos	ition clearly to avoid further	

## **Answer Key:**

dil atory disparate disseminate dissonance dog matic dubious ebulliente clectic egregious elucidate



# Part

4

# • 101. Idiosyncrasy

Definition: A peculiar characteristic or habit.

- His habit of talking to himself was an endearing idiosyncrasy.
- Every region has its culinary idiosyncrasies.
- **102.** Ignominious

Definition: Deserving or causing public disgrace or shame.

- The team suffered an **ignominious** defeat.
- His scandal led to an **ignominious** resignation.
- 3 103. Illicit

Definition: Forbidden by law, rules, or custom.

- The police cracked down on **illicit** trade.
- Illicit relationships often lead to social scandal.
- 9 104. Immutable

Definition: Unchanging over time.

- Laws of physics are considered immutable.
- Despite pressures, her values remained immutable.
- 9 105. Impasse

Definition: A situation where no progress is possible.

- Negotiations reached an **impasse** due to conflicting demands.
- The country is stuck in a political **impasse**.
- 106. Impecunious

Definition: Having little or no money.

- The charity helps **impecunious** families.
- Many students begin university **impecunious**.
- 107. Imperious

Definition: Assuming power without justification; arrogant.

- His **imperious** tone alienated colleagues.
- The CEO's **imperious** decisions caused unrest.
- 9 108. Impetuous

Definition: Acting quickly without thought or care.

- Her impetuous decisions often led to mistakes.
- The **impetuous** youth clashed with the elders.
- 9 109. Implacable

Definition: Unable to be calmed or satisfied.



- The victim's family showed **implacable** anger.
- The enemy forces remained **implacable** despite offers.

# 9 110. Implicit

Definition: Implied though not plainly expressed.

- There was an **implicit** threat in his message.
- Trust is often **implicit** in strong relationships.

#### 9 111. Inchoate

Definition: Just begun and so not fully formed.

- The plan was still **inchoate** and needed refinement.
- The inchoate movement lacked clear leadership.

#### 9 112. Incisive

Definition: Intelligently analytical and clear-thinking.

- The editor's **incisive** commentary cut to the heart of the issue.
- Her argument was **incisive** and persuasive.

# 9 113. Indigent

Definition: Poor; needy.

- The charity focuses on helping indigent communities.
- Many urban areas have growing populations of the indigent.

#### 9 114. Ineffable

Definition: Too great or extreme to be expressed in words.

- The beauty of the sunset was **ineffable**.
- He felt an **ineffable** sense of peace.

#### • 115. Inexorable

Definition: Impossible to stop or prevent.

- The inexorable march of progress cannot be reversed.
- Disease spread with **inexorable** speed.

# 9 116. Ingratiate

Definition: To bring oneself into favor with someone by flattery.

- Politicians often try to **ingratiate** themselves with voters.
- He tried to **ingratiate** himself with the boss.

# 9 117. Inimical

Definition: Hostile; unfriendly.

- Policies inimical to free speech were condemned.
- The two nations have an **inimical** relationship.

#### 9 118. Insidious

Definition: Proceeding in a gradual, subtle way but with harmful effects.

- The disease has an **insidious** onset.
- Propaganda can have an insidious impact on society.

# 9 119. Insipid

Definition: Lacking flavor, vigor, or interest.

- The speech was **insipid** and failed to inspire.
- Critics called the film insipid and boring.

# 120. Intransigent



Definition: Unwilling to change one's views or agree.

- The union remained **intransigent** in its demands.
- Both sides were **intransigent**, leading to a deadlock.

#### 9 121. Inveterate

Definition: Having a particular habit long-established and unlikely to change.

- He's an **inveterate** gambler.
- Inveterate pessimism can affect decision-making.

#### 9 122. Irascible

Definition: Easily angered.

- His irascible temperament made negotiations difficult.
- The coach's **irascible** outbursts were well-known.

# 123. Juxtapose

Definition: To place side by side for contrast.

- The exhibition juxtaposed modern art with classical paintings.
- Authors often juxtapose opposing characters to highlight differences.

#### **124.** Lachrymose

Definition: Tearful or given to weeping.

- The author's **lachrymose** tone reflected the tragic events.
- She became **lachrymose** during the farewell speech.

# • 125. Lethargy

Definition: A state of sluggishness or inactivity.

- Public lethargy slowed reform efforts.
- The heat caused lethargy among workers.

# 126. Lugubrious

Definition: Looking or sounding sad and dismal.

- The funeral procession had a **lugubrious** atmosphere.
- His lugubrious expression worried his friends.

# 9 127. Magnanimous

Definition: Generous or forgiving, especially toward a rival.

- The winner was **magnanimous** in victory.
- She was **magnanimous** enough to praise her opponent.

#### 128. Malevolent

Definition: Having or showing a wish to do evil.

- The dictator's malevolent policies harmed millions.
- His malevolent glare made people uneasy.

# 3 129. Malinger

Definition: To exaggerate or feign illness to avoid duty.

- Employees who malinger damage company productivity.
- He was accused of malingering to skip work.

#### • 130. Mendacious

Definition: Not telling the truth; lying.

- The politician was known for **mendacious** statements.
- The report was criticized for its **mendacious** claims.



Sample Test
Choose the best answer for each of the following items.

_		cult for the team to	voice concerns, as he often
appeared arrogant and 1) imperious	2) ineffable	3) lachrymose	4) impetuous
· ·		reflecting the unfinis	shed nature of the ideas that
would later become a n 1) ignominious	2) inchoate	3) mendacious	4) malevolent
<u> </u>	_ : -	tudents begin unive	rsity financially,
relying on scholarships 1) impecunious	2) inveterate	3) inimical	4) incisive
		labor and manage	ement refused to budge on
contract terms, halting 1) impasse	2) intransigence	3) mendacity	4) lethargy
	promises, the enemy's	hostility en	sured that peace talks failed
repeatedly. 1) implicit	2) implacable	3) lachrymose	4) idiosyncratic
<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	ed for their	nature, bringing harm to
millions without remor 1) malevolent	•	3) incisive	4) ineffable
•	to themselve	es with voters by flat	tery and promises, whether
sincere or not. 1) disseminate	2) ingratiate	3) juxtapose	4) malinger
	•		ths and weaknesses of the
1) incisive	audiences understand it 2) lethargic	s meaning. 3) insidious	4) impecunious
	, spreading slov	wly without initial sy	mptoms but causing serious
damage over time.  1) insipid	2) insidious	3) impetuous	4) ignominious
10. Trust between close to be spelled out explic		an under	standing that does not need
1) immutable	2) implicit	3) inveterate	4) inexorable
Answer Key:			

imperious in choate impecunious impasse implacable male volent in gratiate in cisive in sidious implicit



# Part

# 5

#### 31. Mercurial

Definition: Subject to sudden changes of mood or mind.

- His mercurial temperament made him unpredictable.
- The **mercurial** weather disrupted the outdoor event.

#### 32. Mitigate

Definition: To make less severe or painful.

- Aid was sent to **mitigate** the effects of the disaster.
- Policies aimed to mitigate environmental damage.

#### 33. Munificent

Definition: Very generous.

- The donor's munificent gift transformed the hospital.
- They received a munificent grant for research.

#### 34. Nefarious

Definition: Wicked or criminal.

- The cartel was involved in **nefarious** activities.
- Nefarious plots were uncovered by the police.

# 35. Neologism

Definition: A newly coined word or expression.

- The internet has led to many **neologisms**.
- Linguists study the rise of **neologisms** in spoken language.

#### 36. Obdurate

Definition: Stubbornly refusing to change one's opinion.

- The government remained **obdurate** despite protests.
- His obdurate refusal frustrated negotiators.

#### 137. Obfuscate

Definition: To deliberately make something unclear.

- The company's report seemed designed to **obfuscate** the truth.
- Technical jargon can **obfuscate** rather than clarify.

# 9 138. Obsequious

Definition: Excessively eager to please or obey.

- The aide was **obsequious**, annoying the visitors.
- Obsequious behavior often masks true intentions.

#### **39.** Odious

Definition: Extremely unpleasant; repulsive.



- The regime's odious policies were widely condemned.
- He described the act as an **odious** crime.

#### 9 140. Onerous

Definition: Involving a great deal of effort or difficulty.

- The contract included **onerous** conditions.
- The new regulations placed **onerous** burdens on small businesses.

# **9** 141. Opprobrium

Definition: Harsh criticism or public disgrace.

- The scandal brought **opprobrium** upon the company.
- The mayor faced **opprobrium** after the corruption charges.

#### • 142. Ostentatious

Definition: Designed to impress or attract notice.

- The billionaire's **ostentatious** lifestyle provoked envy.
- The decorations were **ostentatious** but tasteless.

#### 9 143. Palliate

Definition: To make less severe or unpleasant without removing the cause.

- Medicine can palliate symptoms but not cure the disease.
- The government sought to palliate economic hardship through aid.

#### 3 144. Paragon

Definition: A model of excellence or perfection.

- She was a paragon of professionalism.
- The athlete was considered a paragon of sportsmanship.

#### **9** 145. Pariah

Definition: A social outcast.

- After the scandal, he became a **pariah** in his community.
- Refugees are sometimes treated as **pariahs** by host countries.

#### 146. Parsimonious

Definition: Unwilling to spend money or use resources.

- The company's **parsimonious** approach affected worker morale.
- He was **parsimonious** to a fault, never tipping a waiter.

# **147. Pejorative**

Definition: Expressing contempt or disapproval.

- The term became **pejorative** over time.
- Critics used **pejorative** language to describe the policy.

#### Unit 148. Penchant

Definition: A strong liking or tendency toward something.

- She has a **penchant** for classical music.
- The author shows a **penchant** for dark themes.

# • 149. Perfunctory

Definition: Carried out with minimal effort or interest.

- His apology was perfunctory and insincere.
- The committee gave a **perfunctory** nod to the proposal.

#### 9 150. Pernicious



Definition: Having a harmful effect, especially in a gradual way.

- The spread of fake news has a **pernicious** impact.
- Smoking has long been linked to **pernicious** health effects.

#### **151.** Perspicacious

Definition: Having keen insight.

- A **perspicacious** leader can anticipate problems.
- Her **perspicacious** analysis impressed the panel.

#### 9 152. Petulant

Definition: Childishly sulky or bad-tempered.

- The CEO's **petulant** outbursts unsettled staff.
- Children may be **petulant** when tired.

#### 3 153. Phlegmatic

Definition: Calm and unemotional, especially in difficult situations.

- Despite the crisis, she remained **phlegmatic** and composed.
- The witness gave a **phlegmatic** account of the accident.

# **9** 154. Pithy

Definition: Concise and forcefully expressive.

- The editor praised her **pithy** summary of the article.
- His **pithy** remarks cut through the complexity of the debate.

#### 3 155. Placate

Definition: To make someone less angry or hostile.

- The government tried to **placate** protesters with promises of reform.
- She placated her upset friend with an apology.

# 9 156. Platitude

Definition: A remark or statement that is overused and lacks originality.

- The speech was full of empty **platitudes**.
- He responded with a platitude instead of a direct answer.

# 3 157. Plethora

Definition: An excessive amount or number of something.

- There's a **plethora** of evidence supporting this theory.
- The market was flooded with a **plethora** of new gadgets.

# 3 158. Poignant

Definition: Evoking a keen sense of sadness or regret.

- The film's ending was deeply **poignant**.
- Her poignant memoir touched many readers.

# 159. Precipitous

Definition: Very steep or sudden.

- The stock market experienced a **precipitous** decline.
- The hikers faced a **precipitous** cliff on their route.

# 3 160. Predilection

Definition: A preference or special liking for something.

- He has a **predilection** for spicy food.
- The company shows a **predilection** for innovative designs.



# Sample Test

Choose the best answer for each of the following items.

1. The manager's	response to the o	crisis helped calm the	anxious team.
1) petulant	2) phlegmatic	3) perfunctory	4) nefarious
_	promises during	g the election campaig	gn were soon forgotten once
he took office.			
1) pithy	2) pernicious	3) platitude	4) paragon
3. The committee de	ecided to the is	sue without making a	ny significant changes.
1) palliate	2) mitigate	3) obfuscate	4) placate
4. His na	nture made it difficult for	anyone to predict his	next move.
1) obdurate	2) mercurial	3) ostentatious	4) parsimonious
5. The charity's eff	orts helped the	e worst effects of the f	amine, though long-term
solutions were still	needed.		
1) mitigate	2) obfuscate	3) palliate	4) placate
6. The lawyer's	defense failed to co	onvince the jury of his	s client's innocence.
1) nefarious	2) obdurate	3) munificent	4) obsequious
7. The co		made it clear that the	movie was poorly received.
1) petulant	2) odious	3) parsimonious	4) poignant
	display of weal	th at the gala turned	many heads, but few
admired it.			
1) pithy	2) obsequious	3) ostentatious	4) pernicious
9. The sudden	decline of the comp	any's stock value left	investors in shock.
1) precipitate	2) perfunctory	3) paragon	4) neologism
10. After years of st	udy, the professor became	e a of acad	emic excellence in his field.
1) pariah	2) paragon	3) petulant	4) lament

# **Answer Key:**

phleg matic platitude mitigate mer curial mitigate obdurate odious ostentatious precipitous paragon



# Part

6

# • 161. Proclivity

Definition: A tendency to choose or do something regularly.

- She has a **proclivity** for meticulous planning.
- There's a natural **proclivity** toward risk-taking in entrepreneurs.

#### 3 162. Profligate

Definition: Recklessly extravagant or wasteful.

- The prince's **profligate** spending exhausted the treasury.
- Companies are criticized for **profligate** resource use.

# **9** 163. Propitious

Definition: Giving or indicating a good chance of success.

- The clear weather was a **propitious** sign for the event.
- The early results are **propitious** for the research.

#### 9 164. Prosaic

Definition: Lacking poetic beauty; dull and unromantic.

- His writing was criticized for its **prosaic** style.
- The city's architecture is functional but **prosaic**.

# **165. Pugnacious**

Definition: Eager or quick to argue or fight.

- The union leader's **pugnacious** attitude delayed the talks.
- The players became **pugnacious** after the referee's decision.

# 9 166. Pulchritude

Definition: Physical beauty.

- The actress was admired not just for her talent but her **pulchritude**.
- The garden's **pulchritude** captivated visitors.

# **167.** Quagmire

Definition: A complex or difficult situation.

- The country found itself in a political quagmire.
- Attempts to resolve the crisis led to an international quagmire.

# • 168. Querulous

Definition: Complaining in a petulant or whining manner.

- The querulous passenger annoyed the entire flight.
- She became **querulous** when things didn't go her way.

# 3 169. Quixotic

Definition: Unrealistic and impractical in pursuit of ideals.



- His quixotic quest for perfection led to frustration.
- The plan was dismissed as quixotic by analysts.

#### **170.** Rancor

Definition: Bitter resentment or anger.

- Years of rancor made reconciliation difficult.
- The debate was marked by personal **rancor**.

#### 3 171. Recalcitrant

Definition: Stubbornly resisting authority or control.

- The **recalcitrant** student refused to follow rules.
- Negotiators struggled with the recalcitrant union.

#### 9 172. Redolent

Definition: Strongly reminiscent or suggestive of something; fragrant.

- The kitchen was **redolent** of fresh herbs.
- The novel is **redolent** of 19th-century England.

# • 173. Refractory

Definition: Stubborn or unmanageable.

- The **refractory** crowd resisted police instructions.
- ② A **refractory** horse can be difficult to train.
- **174.** Reprobate

Definition: A morally unprincipled person.

- The villain in the story was a **reprobate** with no redeeming qualities.
- He was labeled a **reprobate** after repeated scandals.

#### 9 175. Reticent

Definition: Not revealing one's thoughts or feelings readily.

- She was **reticent** about sharing personal information.
- The witness remained reticent during questioning.

#### 9 176. Ribald

Definition: Referring to sexual matters in an amusingly coarse or irreverent way.

- The comedian's **ribald** jokes caused some controversy.
- The book contains **ribald** humor unsuitable for children.

# 9 177. Sagacious

Definition: Having keen mental discernment and good judgment.

- The **sagacious** leader guided the country through crisis.
- His **sagacious** advice was valued by his peers.

#### 178. Salubrious

Definition: Promoting health or well-being.

- The resort is known for its **salubrious** climate.
- A **salubrious** diet is key to longevity.

# 3 179. Sanguine

Definition: Optimistic or positive, especially in an apparently bad situation.

- She remained **sanguine** despite the economic downturn.
- Analysts are **sanguine** about the company's recovery.



#### 9 180. Sardonic

Definition: Grimly mocking or cynical.

- His **sardonic** tone offended some listeners.
- The editor made a sardonic comment about bureaucracy.

# • 181. Scintillating

Definition: Sparkling or shining brightly; brilliantly clever.

- The author's **scintillating** wit captivated readers.
- The debate was a **scintillating** display of knowledge.

#### 9 182. Seditious

Definition: Inciting or causing rebellion against authority.

- The government cracked down on **seditious** activities.
- His speech was considered seditious by the regime.

## **9** 183. Sententious

Definition: Given to moralizing in a pompous or affected manner.

- The lecturer's tone was **sententious** and off-putting.
- Critics dismissed the speech as sententious.

# 184. Solipsism

Definition: The theory that only the self exists or can be known to exist.

- His philosophy bordered on **solipsism**, dismissing outside perspectives.
- The artist's work reflected a form of solipsism.

# 9 185. Soporific

Definition: Tending to induce sleep.

- The professor's lecture was so **soporific** that many students nodded off.
- The medication has a **soporific** effect.

# 9 186. Spurious

Definition: Not genuine or authentic; false.

- The document contained **spurious** claims.
- Spreading spurious rumors can damage reputations.

# 9 187. Stentorian

Definition: Loud and powerful (especially of a voice).

- The announcer's **stentorian** voice filled the stadium.
- She delivered her speech in a **stentorian** tone.

#### 9 188. Strident

Definition: Loud and harsh; grating.

- The protestors' **strident** chants echoed through the streets.
- His strident criticism alienated colleagues.

# **9** 189. Stymie

Definition: To hinder or prevent progress.

- The legal challenge could **stymie** the project indefinitely.
- Bureaucracy often **stymies** innovation.

# 9 190. Subjugate

Definition: To bring under domination or control.

• The empire sought to **subjugate** neighboring territories.



• The regime **subjugated** dissent through force.

# 9 191. Supercilious

Definition: Behaving or looking as though one is superior to others.

- His supercilious attitude annoyed his coworkers.
- The wealthy often appear **supercilious** to outsiders.

#### 9 192. Surreptitious

Definition: Kept secret, especially because it would not be approved of.

- They held a **surreptitious** meeting to plan the strategy.
- His **surreptitious** actions raised suspicion.

# 9 193. Sycophant

Definition: A person who acts obsequiously toward someone important to gain advantage.

- The office is full of **sycophants** trying to curry favor with the boss.
- Critics say the journalist is nothing but a **sycophant** of the elite.

#### 9 194. Taciturn

Definition: Reserved or uncommunicative in speech; saying little.

- He was taciturn during meetings, rarely sharing his opinions.
- Her taciturn nature made her seem mysterious.

# 9 195. Temerity

Definition: Excessive confidence or boldness; audacity.

- He had the **temerity** to challenge the judge's ruling.
- Only fools have the **temerity** to ignore safety warnings.

#### • 196. Tenacious

Definition: Persistent; determined.

- The athlete was **tenacious**, never giving up despite setbacks.
- Her **tenacious** efforts led to success.

#### 9 197. Tenuous

Definition: Very weak or slight; insubstantial.

- The evidence was **tenuous** and unlikely to hold up in court.
- His argument was based on **tenuous** assumptions.

# • 198. Timorous

Definition: Showing or suffering from nervousness or a lack of confidence.

- The **timorous** applicant struggled during the interview.
- Despite his **timorous** demeanor, he excelled under pressure.

# 9 199. Truculent

Definition: Eager or quick to argue or fight; aggressively defiant.

- The **truculent** attitude of the protesters escalated tensions.
- His **truculent** remarks provoked a heated debate.

# 200. Ubiquitous

Definition: Present, appearing, or found everywhere.

- Smartphones have become **ubiquitous** in modern society.
- The brand's logo was ubiquitous at the event.



# Sample Test

Choose the best answer for each of the following items.

1. Despite her reputatio outburst dur		, <u> </u>	•	
storming out of the rooi		abrupuy siamining n	er notebook shut and	
1) pugnacious	2) sanguine	3) reticent	4) soporific	
2. The billionaire's every month—stood in				
1) profligate	2) propitious	3) quixotic	4) tenacious	
		_	ning forensic analysis with	
psychological insight, le 1) sagacious	2) sardonic	an that had eluded oth 3) sententious	ers for years. 4) stentorian	
1) sagacious	2) sardonic	3) sementious	4) stelltoriali	
4. What began as a min- with lawsuits and count 1) quagmire			d into a legal, t for over a decade. 4) reprobate	
5 The CEO's	antimism about the	o omnony's future or	yon og stook nyiggs	
5. The CEO'splummeted, struck som				
1) querulous	2) sanguine	3) timorous	4) ubiquitous	
6. Critics dismissed the				
vision for a classless soc				
1) quixotic	2) refractory	3) salubrious	4) scintillating	
7 The journalist's	exnose reveale	d how the cornoration	n had smaller	
competitors through pr				
1) ribaldsubjugated		2) seditiousmitigated		
3) spuriousplacated		4) surreptitioussubjugated		
			th digressions about his cats	
his office hours revealed			•	
1) soporificsagacious		2) stentorianprosaic		
3) supercilioustenuous		4) taciturnpugnacious		
9. The actor's	charm and striking	, made him	n a favorite of both	
		-	of relying too heavily on his	
looks.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
1) sycophanticpulch	nritude	2) scintillatingp	roclivity	
3) truculentrancor		4) ubiquitoustemerity		
10 In an era of	social media influ	encers the artist's	refusal to engage	
with platforms like Inst			refusar to engage	
1) superciliousrecal	_	2) ubiquitoustac	eiturn	
3) sententiousqueru		4) redolentrefrac		
	1003	T) ICUOICIIIICII a		
A T7				

#### **Answer Key**

pugnacious profligates agacious quagmires anguine quixotic surreptitious... subjugated soporific... sagacious scintillating... pulchritude ubiquitous... taciturn



All the Best Saleh Eftekhari May 2025

# اگه واژه ها رو فقط از این قسمت میخونی باید بگم که کار احمقانه ای انجام میدی! 1- هم یادت نمی مونه. 2- واژه رو داخل جمله بهتر و با دووم تر یاد میگیری.

# Index

 Aberration / æb.əˈreɪ.ʃən/ ناهنجاری، انحراف

Definition: انحراف از حالت عادى يا استاندارد

Synonym (+): anomaly (ناهنجاری)

Antonym (-): normality (عادى بودن)

Word Family: aberrant (منحرف)

2. Abhorrent/əb'hə:r.ənt/

مشمئز کننده، نفرت انگیز

باعث انزجار و تنفر شدید :Definition

Synonym (+): detestable (متنفر)

Antonym (-): admirable (ستودنى)

Word Family: abhorrence (نفرت)

3. Abrogate / æb.rə.geɪt/

لغو كردن، فسخ كردن

رسماً باطل كردن (قانون يا توافق) Definition:

Synonym (+): repeal (ابطال)

Antonym (-): ratify (تصویب)

Word Family: abrogation (لغو)

4. Acerbic /əˈsəː.bɪk/

تیز و تلخ، گزنده

Definition: (در گفتار)

Synonym (+): caustic (خورنده)

Antonym (-): mild (ملايم)

Word Family: acerbity (تيزى)

5. Acquiesce / æk.wi'es/

رضایت دادن، تسلیم شدن

Definition: پذیرفتن با اکراه اما بدون اعتراض

Synonym (+): comply (اطاعت)

Antonym (-): resist (مقاومت)

Word Family: acquiescence (رضایت)

درکنارهرPart ، بیا و ازاین بخش فقط کمک بگیر



6. Acrimony / æk.rı.mə.ni/

تلخی، تندی

Definition: احساسات تلخ یا خصومت آمیز

Synonym (+): bitterness (تلخى)

Antonym (-): harmony (هماهنگی)

Word Family: acrimonious (تلخ)

7. Acumen /əˈkjuː.mən/

زیرکی، تیزهوشی

Definition: توانایی قضاوت خوب و تصمیم گیری سریع

Synonym (+): shrewdness (هوشمندی)

Antonym (-): stupidity (حماقت)

Word Family: acuminous (تيزهوش)

8. Adulation / ædz.ə lei. ʃən/

تملق، چاپلوسی

Definition: تحسين يا تمجيد بيش از حد

Synonym (+): flattery (چاپلوسى)

Antonym (-): criticism (انتقاد)

Word Family: adulate (تملق كردن)

9. Affable / æf.ə.bəl/

خوش برخورد، دوست داشتنی

دوستانه و راحت برای صحبت کردن :Definition

Synonym (+): amiable (دوستانه)

Antonym (-): unfriendly (غير دوستانه)

Word Family: affability (خوش برخوردی)

10. Alacrity /əˈlæk.rə.ti/

اشتياق، أمادگي

تمایل یا آمادگی شاد برای انجام کاری :Definition

Synonym (+): eagerness (اشتياق)

Antonym (-): reluctance (اکراه)

Word Family: alacritous (مشتاق)

11. Ambivalent /æm 'biv.ə.lənt/

دوسوگرا، متضاد

داشتن احساسات مختلط درباره چیزی :Definition

Synonym (+): conflicted (متناقض)

Antonym (-): certain (مطمئن)

Word Family: ambivalence (دوسوگرایی)

12. Ameliorate /əˈmiː.li.ə.reɪt/

بهبود بخشیدن، بهتر کردن

بهتر کردن یا قابل تحمل تر کردن چیزی :Definition

Synonym (+): improve (بهبود)

Antonym (-): worsen (بدتر كردن)

Word Family: amelioration (بهبود)

13. Anachronism /əˈnæk.rə.nɪ.zəm/

نابهنگامی، ناهمزمانی

چیزی خارج از دوره زمانی مناسب خود :Definition

Synonym (+): incongruity (ناهمخواني)

Antonym (-): contemporaneity (همزماني)

Word Family: anachronistic (نابهنگام)

14. Anathema /əˈnæθ.ə.mə/

منفور، نفرین شده

چیزی یا کسی که شدیدا مورد تنفر است :Definition

Synonym (+): abomination (مشمئز كننده)

Antonym (-): beloved (محبوب)

Word Family: anathematize (نفرین کردن)

15. Apex / ei.peks/

اوج، نقطه اعلاي

Definition: بالاترين نقطه يا بخش

Synonym (+): peak (قله)

(پایین ترین نقطه) Antonym (-): nadir

Word Family: apical (راسی)

16. Approbation / æp.rəˈbeɪ.ʃən/

تاييد، تصويب

Definition: تایید یا تحسین رسمی

Synonym (+): approval (موافقت)

Antonym (-): disapproval (عدم تاييد)

Word Family: approbate (تاييد کردن)

17. Arduous / aːr.dʒu.əs/

سخت، طاقت فرسا

نیازمند تلاش یا کوشش زیاد :Definition

Synonym (+): strenuous (سخت)

Antonym (-): easy (آسان)

Word Family: arduousness (مشقت)

18. Ascetic /əˈset.ɪk/

زاهدانه، ریاضت کشانه

Definition: تمرین انضباط سخت و پرهیز

Synonym (+): austere (سختگير)



Antonym (-): indulgent (مرفه)

Word Family: asceticism (ریاضت)

19. Asperity /æ'sper.ə.ţi/

خشونت، تندی

Definition: تندی در لحن یا رفتار

Synonym (+): harshness (خشونت)

Antonym (-): gentleness (ملايمت)

Word Family: asperous (خشن)

20. Assiduous /əˈsɪdʒ.u.əs/

سختکوش، پیگیر

نشان دادن مراقبت و پشتکار زیاد :Definition

Synonym (+): diligent (کوشا

Antonym (-): lazy (تنبل)

Word Family: assiduity (سختكوشى)

21. Astute /əˈstuːt/

تیزبین، زیرک

دارای قضاوت تیز و هوشمندانه :Definition

Synonym (+): shrewd (هوشمند)

Antonym (-): obtuse (کندذهن)

Word Family: astuteness (زيركي)

22. Atrophy /ˈæt.rə.fi/

تحليل رفتن، ضعف عضلاني

Definition: کاهش تدریجی بافت یا توانایی

Synonym (+): wither (يژمردن)

Antonym (-): strengthen (تقویت شدن)

Word Family: atrophic (تحليل رفته)

23. Audacious /aːˈdeɪ.ʃəs/

بىپروا، جسور

Definition: نشان دهنده جسارت غيرمعمول

Synonym (+): daring (جرئتورز)

Antonym (-): timid (ترسو)

Word Family: audacity (جرأت)

24. Auspicious /ɔːˈspɪʃ.əs/

خوشیمن، مبارک

نشان دهنده موفقیت آینده: Definition:

Synonym (+): propitious (مساعد)

Antonym (-): ominous (شوم)

Word Family: auspice (پشتوانه)



25. Avarice / 'æv.ər.ıs/

حرص، طمع

میل شدید به ثروت :Definition

Synonym (+): greed (حريص)

Antonym (-): generosity (بخشش)

Word Family: avaricious (حریص)

26. Belligerent /bəˈlɪdʒ.ə.ənt/

جنگطلب، ستیزهجو

Definition: تمایل به جنگ یا مشاجره

Synonym (+): aggressive (يرخاشگر)

Antonym (-): peaceful (صلحطلب)

Word Family: belligerence (جنگطلبی)

27. Bereft /bi reft/

محروم، بىبهره

فاقد چیزی مهم :Definition

Synonym (+): deprived (محروم)

Antonym (-): endowed (برخوردار)

(محروم کردن) Word Family: bereave

28. Bombastic /baːmˈbæs.tɪk/

پرطمطراق، اغراق آميز

Definition: گفتار پرزرق وبرق اما پوچ

Synonym (+): pompous (پرمدعا)

Antonym (-): unpretentious (بي آلايش)

Word Family: bombast (لفاظى)

29. Bucolic /bjuːˈkaː.lɪk/

روستایی، دهقانی

مربوط به زندگی آرام روستایی Efinition:

Synonym (+): pastoral (چوياني)

Antonym (-): urban (شهری)

(به شيوه روستايي) Word Family: bucolically

30. Cacophony /kəˈkaː.fə.ni/

ناهنجاری صوتی، سروصدا

Definition: تركيب ناخوشايند صداها

Synonym (+): discord (ناسازگاری)

Antonym (-): harmony (هماهنگی)

Word Family: cacophonous (پرسروصدا)

31. Cadence / kei.dəns/

آهنگ کلام، وزن

ريتم يا الگوى آهنگين :Definition

Synonym (+): rhythm (ضربآهنگ)

Antonym (-): monotony (یکنواختی)

Word Family: cadenced (موزون)

32. Cajole /kəˈdʒoʊl/

چربزبانی کردن، متقاعد کردن

Definition: ترغیب با چاپلوسی یا وعده

Synonym (+): coax (نرمنرمک گفتن)

Antonym (-): bully (قلدرى كردن)

Word Family: cajolery (چربزبانی)

33. Callous / kæl.əs/

بیاحساس، سنگدل

بیاعتنایی به رنج دیگران: Definition

Synonym (+): unfeeling (بي عاطفه)

Antonym (-): compassionate (دلسوز)

Word Family: callousness (بي احساسي)

34. Capitulate /kəˈpɪtʃ.ə.leɪt/

تسليم شدن

پذیرش شکست یا شرایط :Definition

Synonym (+): surrender (تسليم شدن)

Antonym (-): resist (مقاومت کردن)

Word Family: capitulation (تسليم)

35. Caustic / ka:.stik/

خورنده، گزنده

بسیار تند یا انتقادی :Definition

Synonym (+): mordant (نیشدار)

Antonym (-): mild (ملايم)

Word Family: causticity (گزندگی)

36. Chauvinism /ˈʃoʊ.vɪ.nɪ.zəm/

ميهن پرستى افراطي

Definition: تعصب شدید به گروه خود

Synonym (+): jingoism (شوونيسم)

Antonym (-): impartiality (بيطرفي)

Word Family: chauvinist (شوونيست)

37. Chicanery /ʃiˈkei.nə.i/

حقەبازى، نيرنگ

فریب یا حیله گری :Definition

Synonym (+): trickery (فريبكارى)



Antonym (-): honesty (صداقت)

Word Family: chicane (حیله گر)

38. Circumspect / ss:.kəm.spekt/

محتاط، بااحتياط

مراقب خطرات احتمالي :Definition

Synonym (+): prudent (محافظه کار)

Antonym (-): reckless (بي پروا)

Word Family: circumspection (احتياط)

39. Clandestine /klæn 'des.tɪn/

مخفی، پنهانی

Definition: انجامشده در خفا

Synonym (+): covert (پنهان)

Antonym (-): overt (علني)

Word Family: clandestineness (پنهانی)

40. Cogent / kov.d3ant/

متقاعدكننده، قانع كننده

Definition: واضح و منطقى

Synonym (+): persuasive (متقاعد كننده)

Antonym (-): weak (ضعيف)

Word Family: cogency (قطعی بودن)

41. Commensurate /kəˈmen.sə.ət/

متناسب، هماندازه

Definition: متناسب از نظر اندازه یا درجه

Synonym (+): proportional (تناسبى)

Antonym (-): disproportionate (نامتناسب)

Word Family: commensuration (هماندازه سازی)

42. Conflagration / ka:n.flə 'qrei.fən/

آتشسوزی بزرگ

Definition: آتش بسیار بزرگ و مخرب

Synonym (+): inferno (جهنم)

Antonym (-): drizzle (باران نمنم)

Word Family: conflagrant (سوزان)

43. Congenial /kənˈdʒiː.ni.əl/

سازگار، خوشایند

Definition: مطابق با سليقه يا طبيعت

Synonym (+): agreeable (موافق)

Antonym (-): disagreeable (ناخوشايند)

Word Family: congeniality (سازگاری)



44. Conjecture /kənˈdʒek.tʃə/

حدس، گمان

Definition: نتیجه گیری بدون شواهد کافی

Synonym (+): speculation (حدس و گمان)

Antonym (-): fact (واقعیت)

Word Family: conjectural (حدسى)

45. Conundrum /kəˈnʌn.drəm/

معما، مشكل پيچيده

مسئله گیج کننده یا دشوار: Definition

Synonym (+): puzzle (معما)

Antonym (-): solution (راهحل)

Word Family: conundrums (معماها)

46. Corpulent / kɔːr.pjə.lənt/

چاق، فربه

دارای اضافه وزن قابل توجه :Definition

Synonym (+): obese (چاق)

Antonym (-): slender (لاغر)

Word Family: corpulence (چاقی)

47. Credulous / kredz.ə.ləs/

زودباور، سادەلوح

Definition: تمایل به باور کردن چیزها به راحتی

Synonym (+): gullible (ساده)

Antonym (-): skeptical (شک گرا)

Word Family: credulity (زودباوری)

48. Cryptic / krip.tik/

مرموز، مبهم

دارای معنایی پنهان یا ناشناخته :Definition

Synonym (+): enigmatic (معمایی)

Antonym (-): clear (واضح)

Word Family: cryptically (بطور مرموز)

49. Cursory / k3:.s2.i/

سطحی، گذرا

Definition: انجام شده با عجله و بدون دقت

Synonym (+): superficial (سطحي)

Antonym (-): thorough (کامل)

Word Family: cursoriness (سطحی بودن)

50. Dearth /d3·:θ/

كمبود، فقدان

Definition: عدم وجود چیزی به میزان کافی

Synonym (+): scarcity (کمیابی)

Antonym (-): abundance (فراوانی)

Word Family: dearthfulness (کمبود)

51. Debacle /dei ba: kəl/

شكست مفتضحانه

شکست کامل و تحقیر آمیز :Definition

Synonym (+): fiasco (شكست)

Antonym (-): triumph (پيروزي)

Word Family: debacles (شكستها)

52. Debilitate /dɪˈbɪl.ə.teɪt/

ضعیف کردن، ناتوان ساختن

Definition: کاهش قدرت یا توانایی

Synonym (+): weaken (تضعیف)

Antonym (-): strengthen (تقویت)

Word Family: debilitation (ناتوانسازى)

53. Decorum /dɪˈkɔːr.əm/

ادب، نزاکت

Definition: رفتار مناسب و مودبانه

Synonym (+): propriety (شايستگي)

Antonym (-): impropriety (ناشایستگی)

Word Family: decorous (مودبانه)

54. Deference / def. a. ans/

احترام، تسليم

Definition: احترام به نظر یا خواسته دیگران

Synonym (+): respect (احترام)

Antonym (-): disrespect (بي احترامي)

Word Family: deferential (احترام آميز)

55. Denigrate / den.ə.greit/

تحقیر کردن، بی ارزش نشان دادن

Definition: انتقاد ناعادلانه از کسی

Synonym (+): disparage (کمارزش کردن)

Antonym (-): praise (ستایش)

Word Family: denigration (تحقير)

56. Deride /dɪˈraɪd/

مسخره کردن، استهزاء

Definition: ابراز تحقیر یا تمسخر

Synonym (+): mock (تقلید کردن)



Antonym (-): respect (احترام)

Word Family: derision (توهين)

57. Derivative /di riv.ə.ţiv/

مشتق، تقلیدی

فاقد اصالت و نوآوری :Definition

Synonym (+): unoriginal (غيراصيل)

Antonym (-): original (اصيل)

Word Family: derivation (اشتقاق)

58. Despot / des.pa:t/

مستبد، خودكامه

حاكمي با قدرت مطلق و ظالم: Definition

Synonym (+): tyrant (ظالم)

Antonym (-): democrat (دمکرات)

Word Family: despotism (استبداد)

59. Diaphanous /dai 'æf.ən.əs/

نازک و شفاف

بسیار سبک و نیمهشفاف :Definition

Synonym (+): translucent (نيمه شفاف)

Antonym (-): opaque (کدر)

Word Family: diaphaneity (شفافیت)

60. Didactic /daɪˈdæk.tɪk/

أموزنده، تعليمي

با هدف آموزش یا تعلیم :Definition

Synonym (+): instructive (اَموزشي)

(غير أموزنده) Antonym (-): uninformative

(آموزه گرایی) Word Family: didacticism

61. Dilatory / dil.ə.tə:r.i/

تعویقانداز، کند

Definition: باعث تأخير يا كندى در انجام كارها

Synonym (+): procrastinating (مسامحه کار)

Antonym (-): prompt (سريع)

Word Family: dilatoriness (کندی)

62. Disparate / dis.pa.ət/

متفاوت، ناهمگون

اساساً متفاوت در نوع یا کیفیت :Definition

Synonym (+): dissimilar (متفاوت)

Antonym (-): similar (مشابه)

Word Family: disparateness (ناهمگونی)



63. Disseminate /dr'sem.ə.neɪt/

پخش کردن، انتشار دادن

Definition: گسترش دادن اطلاعات یا ایدهها

Synonym (+): circulate (در گردش انداختن)

Antonym (-): suppress (سرکوب کردن)

Word Family: dissemination (انتشار)

64. Dissonance / dis.ən.əns/

ناهماهنگی، تضاد

عدم توافق یا هماهنگی :Definition

Synonym (+): discord (ناسازگاری)

Antonym (-): harmony (هماهنگی)

(ناهماهنگ) Word Family: dissonant

65. Dogmatic /da:g'mæt.ık/

جزمی، متعصب

Definition: اصرار بر عقاید بدون توجه به شواهد

Synonym (+): opinionated (عقيدهاي)

Antonym (-): open-minded (منصف)

Word Family: dogmatism (جزم گرایی)

66. Dubious / du:.bi.əs/

مشكوك، نامطمئن

باعث ترديد يا عدم اطمينان :Definition

Synonym (+): doubtful (مشكوك)

Antonym (-): certain (مطمئن)

Word Family: dubiety (تردید)

67. Ebullient /ɪˈbʌl.i.ənt/

شاد و پرانرژی

پر از شور و انرژی مثبت :Definition

Synonym (+): exuberant (يرانرژي)

Antonym (-): depressed (افسرده)

Word Family: ebullience (شور و نشاط)

68. Eclectic / i 'klek.tık/

انتخابی، گزینشی

Definition: انتخاب از منابع مختلف

Synonym (+): selective (گزینشی)

Antonym (-): uniform (یکنواخت)

Word Family: eclecticism (گزینش گرایی)

69. Egregious /ıˈgriː.dʒəs/

فاحش، شدید

به طور آشکار بد یا توهین آمیز: Definition

Synonym (+): flagrant (آشكار)

Antonym (-): minor (جزئی)

Word Family: egregiousness (شدت)

70. Elucidate /ɪˈluː.sə.deɪt/

روشن کردن، توضیح دادن

Definition: واضح کردن یا توضیح دادن

Synonym (+): clarify (روشن کردن)

Antonym (-): obscure (مبهم کردن)

Word Family: elucidation (توضيح)

71. Emulate / 'em.jə.leɪt/

رقابت کردن، تقلید کردن

Definition: تلاش برای برابری یا بهتر بودن

Synonym (+): imitate (تقليد كردن)

Antonym (-): neglect (غفلت کردن)

Word Family: emulation (رقابت)

72. Enervate / en. a. veit/

ضعیف کردن، تحلیل بردن

Definition: کاهش انرژی یا قدرت

Synonym (+): weaken (تضعيف كردن)

Antonym (-): invigorate (تقویت کردن)

Word Family: enervation (ضعف)

73. Ennui /aːnˈwiː/

ملال، بیحوصلگی

Definition: احساس بی حوصلگی و نارضایتی

Synonym (+): boredom (کسالت)

Antonym (-): excitement (هيجان)

Word Family: ennuyé (ملول)

74. Enumerate /ɪˈnuː.mə.reɪt/

شمردن، لیست کردن

ذکر کردن موارد به ترتیب :Definition

Synonym (+): list (فهرست کردن)

Antonym (-): generalize (تعميم دادن)

Word Family: enumeration (شمارش)

75. Ephemeral /ıˈfem.ə.əl/

زودگذر، موقت

دوام کوتاه مدت :Definition

Synonym (+): transient (گذرا)

Antonym (-): permanent (دائمی)

Word Family: ephemerality (موقتی بودن)

76. Equanimity / ek.wə nım.ə.ţi/

أرامش، تعادل

خونسردی در شرایط سخت :Definition

Synonym (+): composure (آرامش)

Antonym (-): agitation (بيقراري)

Word Family: equanimous (اَرام)

77. Esoteric / es.ə ter.ık/

محرمانه، خاص

فقط برای گروه کوچکی قابل درک :Definition

Synonym (+): arcane (مرموز)

Antonym (-): mainstream (رايح)

Word Family: esotericism (رمزگرایی)

78. Estrange / i 'streind3/

بیگانه کردن، جدا کردن

Definition: ایجاد فاصله یا دشمنی

Synonym (+): alienate (بیگانه کردن)

Antonym (-): reconcile (صلح کردن)

Word Family: estrangement (جدایی)

79. Eulogy /ˈjuː.lə.dʒi/

ستایش، مدح

Definition: سخن یا نوشته در تمجید کسی

Synonym (+): praise (ستایش)

Antonym (-): criticism (انتقاد)

Word Family: eulogize (ستودن)

80. Exacerbate /ig zæs. a. beit/

بدتر کردن، تشدید کردن

Definition: وخيمتر کردن يک مشکل

Synonym (+): aggravate (تشدید کردن)

Antonym (-): alleviate (تسکین دادن)

Word Family: exacerbation (تشدید)

81. Exculpate / ek.skal.peit/

تبرئه کردن، بی گناه نشان دادن

پاک کردن از اتهام یا گناه :Definition

Synonym (+): absolve (تبرئه کردن)

Antonym (-): incriminate (متهم کردن)

Word Family: exculpation (تبرئه)



82. Exigent / ek.si.dzənt/

فوری، اضطراری

نیازمند اقدام فوری :Definition

Synonym (+): urgent (فورى)

Antonym (-): leisurely (اَرام)

Word Family: exigency (اضطرار)

83. Exonerate /igˈzɑː.nə.reit/

تبرئه کردن، رها کردن

مبرا کردن از سرزنش یا تقصیر :Definition

Synonym (+): acquit (تبرئه کردن)

Antonym (-): convict (محكوم كردن)

Word Family: exoneration (تبرئه)

84. Expeditious / ek.spəˈdɪʃ.əs/

سريع، چابک

Definition: انجام شده با کارایی و سرعت

Synonym (+): prompt (سريع)

Antonym (-): sluggish (کند)

Word Family: expedition (سفر سريع)

85. Extant /ek'stænt/

باقى مانده، موجود

Definition: هنوز وجود داشتن

Synonym (+): existing (موجود)

Antonym (-): extinct (منقرض شده)

Word Family: extancy (وجود)

86. Facetious /fəˈsiː.ʃəs/

شوخ طبع، غیرجدی

Definition: رفتار نامناسب با مسائل جدى

Synonym (+): flippant (سبک)

Antonym (-): serious (جدی)

Word Family: facetiousness (شوخى)

87. Fallacious /fəˈleɪ.ʃəs/

گمراه کننده، نادرست

مبتنى بر باور يا استدلال نادرست: Definition

Synonym (+): misleading (گمراه کننده)

Antonym (-): accurate (دقيق)

Word Family: fallacy (مغالطه)

88. Fastidious /fæ'stɪd.i.əs/

سختگیر، نکتهسنج

بسیار دقیق و سختگیر :Definition

Synonym (+): meticulous (دقيق)

Antonym (-): sloppy (بىدقت)

Word Family: fastidiousness (سختگیری)

89. Fatuous / fætʃ.u.əs/

احمقانه، بيمعني

Definition: احمقانه و بي اهميت

Synonym (+): silly (احمقانه)

Antonym (-): sensible (عاقلانه)

Word Family: fatuity (حماقت)

90. Fecund / fi:.kənd/

حاصلخيز، بارور

Definition: توانایی تولید فراوان

Synonym (+): fertile (حاصلخيز)

Antonym (-): barren (بایر)

Word Family: fecundity (بارورى)

91. Flagrant / flei.grant/

آشكار، فاحش

به طور شوک آور آشکار :Definition

Synonym (+): blatant (أشكار)

Antonym (-): concealed (پنهان)

Word Family: flagrancy (آشکاری)

92. Flippant / flip.ənt/

سبک، غیرجدی

عدم نشان دادن نگرش جدی :Definition

Synonym (+): frivolous (سبكسر)

Antonym (-): respectful (محترمانه)

Word Family: flippancy (سبكي)

93. Fortuitous /fo:r'tu:.ə.təs/

تصادفي، اتفاقي

Definition: اتفاقى و اغلب خوششانس

Synonym (+): accidental (تصادفي)

Antonym (-): intentional (عمدى)

Word Family: fortuity (اتفاق)

94. Fractious / fræk. səs/

ناسازگار، بدخلق

Definition: تحریکپذیر و ستیزهجو

Synonym (+): irritable (تحریکیذیر)

Antonym (-): docile (مطيع)

Word Family: fractiousness (ناسازگاری)

95. Garrulous / 'ger.ə.ləs/

پرحرف، وراج

بیش از حد پرحرف: Definition

Synonym (+): talkative (پرحرف)

Antonym (-): taciturn (کمحرف)

Word Family: garrulity (پرحرفی)

96. Guile /gaɪl/

حیله، نیرنگ

هوش حيله گرانه :Definition

Synonym (+): cunning (حيله گرى)

Antonym (-): honesty (صداقت)

Word Family: guileless (بیحیله)

97. Harangue /həˈræŋ/

سخنرانی پرخاشگرانه

سخنرانی طولانی و پرخاشگرانه :Definition

Synonym (+): tirade (سخنرانی خشمگین)

Antonym (-): whisper (پچپچ)

Word Family: haranguer (سخنران پرخاشگر)

98. Hegemony /hi dzem.ə.ni/

سلطه، چیرگی

Definition: رهبری یا تسلط یک گروه

Synonym (+): dominance (سلطه)

Antonym (-): subordination (تابعيت)

Word Family: hegemonic (مسلط)

99. Homogeneous / hov.mov dzi:.ni.əs/

همگن، یکدست

Definition: یکنواخت در ترکیب

Synonym (+): uniform (یکنواخت)

Antonym (-): heterogeneous (ناهمگن)

Word Family: homogeneity (همگنی)

100. Iconoclast /aɪˈkɑː.nə.klæst/

بت شكن، سنت شكن

کسی که باورهای تثبیت شده را به چالش می کشد :Definition

Synonym (+): rebel (شورشي)

Antonym (-): traditionalist (سنتی گرا)

Word Family: iconoclasm (بتشكنى)



101. Idiosyncrasy / id.i.əˈsɪŋ.krə.si/

خصوصیت فردی، عادت عجیب

Definition: ویژگی یا عادت خاص و منحصر به فرد

Synonym (+): quirk (ویژگی عجیب)

Antonym (-): normality (عادى بودن)

Word Family: idiosyncratic (منحصر به فرد)

102. Ignominious / ig.nə min.i.əs/

رسواكننده، شرمأور

مستحق یا باعث رسوایی عمومی :Definition

Synonym (+): disgraceful (ننگین)

Antonym (-): honorable (افتخار آميز)

Word Family: ignominy (خفت)

103. Illicit /I'ls.it/

غيرقانوني، ممنوع

ممنوع توسط قانون يا عرف :Definition

Synonym (+): illegal (غيرمجاز)

Antonym (-): lawful (قانوني)

Word Family: licit (مجاز)

104. Immutable /ɪˈmjuː.tə.bəl/

تغييرناپذير، ثابت

بدون تغییر در طول زمان :Definition

Synonym (+): unchangeable (پایدار)

Antonym (-): variable (متغير)

Word Family: mutability (تغييرپذيرى)

105. Impasse /im'pæs/

ТУПИКبنبست،

pefinition: وضعیتی که هیچ پیشرفتی ممکن نیست

Synonym (+): deadlock (توقف كامل)

Antonym (-): breakthrough (پیشرفت)

Word Family: -

106. Impecunious / im.pi kju:.ni.əs/

بىپول، تنگدست

Definition: داشتن پول بسیار کم یا هیچ

Synonym (+): penniless (فاقد پول)

Antonym (-): wealthy (ثروتمند)

Word Family: pecuniary (مالي)

107. Imperious /im'piə.ri.əs/

مستبد، تحكم أميز

تحميل قدرت بدون توجيه؛ متكبر :Definition

Synonym (+): domineering (سلطه گر)

Antonym (-): humble (فروتن)

Word Family: imperiousness (استبداد)

108. Impetuous /m'petʃ.u.əs/

تكان دهنده، بدون فكر

عمل کردن سریع بدون تفکر یا مراقبت :Definition

Synonym (+): rash (عجولانه)

Antonym (-): cautious (محتاط)

Word Family: impetuosity (شتابزدگی)

109. Implacable /m'plæk.ə.bəl/

تسليمناپذير، كينهجو

ناتوان در آرام شدن یا راضی شدن: Definition

Synonym (+): relentless (بىرحم)

Antonym (-): forgiving (بخشنده)

Word Family: implacability (تسليمناپذيرى)

110. Implicit /Im plis.it/

ضمني، ناگفته

بیان شده اما نه به صورت آشکار :Definition

Synonym (+): unspoken (ناگفته)

Antonym (-): explicit (صريح)

Word Family: implicitness (ضمنی بودن)

111. Inchoate /in kov.ət/

ناقص، ابتدایی

تازه شروع شده و كاملاً شكل نگرفته :Definition

Synonym (+): rudimentary (ابتدایی)

Antonym (-): developed (تكامل يافته)

Word Family: inchoateness (ناقص بودن)

112. Incisive /in'sai.siv/

تیزبین، تحلیل گر

هوشمندانه تحلیلی و روشن فکر :Definition

Synonym (+): perceptive (بينا)

Antonym (-): vague (مبهم)

Word Family: incisiveness (تيزبيني)

113. Indigent / in.di.d3ənt/

نیازمند، فقیر

Definition: فقير؛ محتاج

Synonym (+): impoverished (فقير)



Antonym (-): affluent (ثروتمند)

Word Family: indigence (فقر)

114. Ineffable /in ef.ə.bəl/

ناگفتنی، توصیفناشدنی

بسیار بزرگ یا شدید که با کلمات بیان شود :Definition

Synonym (+): indescribable (توصيف نايذير)

Antonym (-): expressible (قابل بيان)

Word Family: ineffability (ناگفتنی بودن)

115. Inexorable /in ek.sa.a.bal/

توقفناپذير، تغييرناپذير

غیرممکن برای متوقف یا جلوگیری کردن :Definition

Synonym (+): unstoppable (متوقف نشدنى)

Antonym (-): preventable (قابل پیشگیری)

Word Family: inexorability (توقفناپذیری)

116. Ingratiate /in 'grei. fi.eit/

خود را محبوب کردن

Pefinition: جلب محبت کسی با چاپلوسی

Synonym (+): flatter (چاپلوسی کردن)

Antonym (-): alienate (بيگانه کردن)

Word Family: ingratiation (خودمحبوب سازى)

117. Inimical /I'nım.I.kəl/

خصمانه، مخالف

خصمانه؛ غير دوستانه : Definition

Synonym (+): hostile (دشمنانه)

Antonym (-): friendly (دوستانه)

Word Family: inimicality (خصومت)

118. Insidious /mˈsɪd.i.əs/

خيانت أميز، تدريجي

پیشرفت تدریجی اما با اثرات مضر

Synonym (+): treacherous (خيانتكار)

Antonym (-): straightforward (سرراست)

Word Family: insidiousness (تدریجی بودن)

119. Insipid /in'sip.id/

بیمزه، بیروح

فاقد طعم، انرژی یا علاقه :Definition

Synonym (+): bland (ملايم)

Antonym (-): flavorful (يرطعم)

Word Family: insipidity (بي مزگي)



120. Intransigent /in træn.si.dzənt/

سخت گير، انعطافناپذير

Definition: تمایلی به تغییر دیدگاهها یا توافق ندارد

Synonym (+): uncompromising (سختگير)

Antonym (-): flexible (انعطافپذیر)

Word Family: intransigence (سخت گیری)

121. Inveterate /in'vet.a.ət/

دیرینه، ریشهدار

Definition: داشتن عادتی قدیمی و تغییرناپذیر

Synonym (+): habitual (عادى)

Antonym (-): occasional (گاهبه گاه)

Word Family: inveteracy (ریشهداری)

122. Irascible /ɪˈræs.ə.bəl/

زودرنج، تندمزاج

به راحتی عصبانی میشود :Definition

Synonym (+): irritable (تحریکپذیر)

Antonym (-): calm (آرام)

Word Family: irascibility (زودرنجی)

123. Juxtapose / dʒʌk.stə.pouz/

کنار هم قرار دادن

قرار دادن در کنار هم برای مقایسه :Definition

Synonym (+): contrast (مقايسه کردن)

Antonym (-): separate (جدا کردن)

Word Family: juxtaposition (هم گذاری)

124. Lachrymose /ˈlæk.rɪ.mous/

اشکالود، گریان

مستعد گریه یا اندوه :Definition

Synonym (+): tearful (یراشک)

Antonym (-): cheerful (شاد)

Word Family: lachrymosity (گریانی)

125. Lethargy / leθ.æ.dʒi/

بىحالى، سستى

حالت کمبود انرژی یا فعالیت :Definition

Synonym (+): sluggishness (کندی)

Antonym (-): energy (انرژی)

Word Family: lethargic (بي حال)

126. Lugubrious /luːˈguː.bri.əs/

غمگین، موحش



به نظریا صدای غمگین و افسرده :Definition

Synonym (+): mournful (سوگوار)

Antonym (-): cheerful (شاد)

Word Family: lugubriousness (غمگینی)

127. Magnanimous /mægˈnæn.i.məs/

بزرگوار، بخشنده

بخشنده یا بخشایشگر، به ویژه نسبت به رقیب :Definition

Synonym (+): generous (سخاوتمند)

Antonym (-): petty (کوته فکر)

Word Family: magnanimity (بزرگواری)

128. Malevolent /məˈlev.əl.ənt/

بدخواه، شرور

داشتن یا نشان دادن تمایل به انجام شر

Synonym (+): malicious (بدخواه)

Antonym (-): benevolent (نيكخواه)

Word Family: malevolence (پدخواهي)

129. Malinger/məˈlɪŋ.qə/

تمارض کردن

اغراق یا تظاهر به بیماری برای فرار از وظیفه :Definition

Synonym (+): feign (تظاهر كردن)

(یافشاری کردن) Antonym (-): persevere

Word Family: malingerer (تمارض کننده)

130. Mendacious /men'der. [əs/

دروغگو، فریبنده

عدم گفتن حقیقت؛ دروغگویی :Definition

Synonym (+): deceitful (فریبکار)

Antonym (-): truthful (راستگو)

Word Family: mendacity (دروغگویی)

131. Mercurial /ms:r'kjuəriəl/

تغییرپذیر، دمدمی

مستعد تغییرات ناگهانی در خلق یا ذهن :Definition

Synonym (+): volatile (نايايدار)

Antonym (-): steady (یایدار)

Word Family: mercuriality (تغييريذيري)

132. Mitigate / mitigeit/

تسكين دادن، تخفيف دادن

کاهش شدت یا درد :Definition

Synonym (+): alleviate (تسکین دادن)



Antonym (-): aggravate (تشدید کردن)

Word Family: mitigation (تخفيف)

133. Munificent /mju: 'nifisənt/

بسيار سخاوتمند

بسيار بخشنده :Definition

Synonym (+): generous (سخاوتمند)

Antonym (-): stingy (خسيس)

Word Family: munificence (سخاوت)

134. Nefarious /nɪˈfɛəriəs/

شرور، پلید

Definition: شرير يا جنايتكار

Synonym (+): wicked (شرور)

Antonym (-): virtuous (فضيلتمند)

Word Family: nefariousness (يليدى)

135. Neologism /ni: 'pladzizam/

واژهسازی جدید

كلمه يا عبارت تازه ساخته شده :Definition

Synonym (+): coinage (ساخت واژه)

Antonym (-): archaism (کهنهواژه)

(واژهساز) Word Family: neologist

136. Obdurate / 'pbdjurat/

سرسخت، یکدنده

Synonym (+): stubborn (سرسخت)

Antonym (-): flexible (منعطف)

Word Family: obduracy (سرسختی)

137. Obfuscate / pbf\(\text{pbf\)\(\text{skeit}\)

مبهم کردن، پیچیده کردن

عمداً چیزی را نامفهوم کردن :Definition

Synonym (+): confuse (گيج کردن)

Antonym (-): clarify (روشن کردن)

Word Family: obfuscation (ابهام)

138. Obsequious /əbˈsiːkwiəs/

چاپلوس، تملق گو

بيش از حد مشتاق خوشايند يا اطاعت :Definition

Synonym (+): servile (چاکرمآب)

Antonym (-): assertive (قاطع)

Word Family: obsequiousness (تملق)



139. Odious / 'audias/

منفور، نفرتانگیز

بسيار ناخوشايند؛ چندش آور :Definition

Synonym (+): repulsive (نفرتانگيز)

Antonym (-): delightful (دلپذیر)

Word Family: odiousness (منفوریت)

140. Onerous / pnərəs/

سنگين، طاقتفرسا

نیازمند تلاش یا دشواری زیاد :Definition

Synonym (+): burdensome (بار سنگين)

Antonym (-): easy (آسان)

Word Family: onerousness (طاقت فرسایی)

141. Opprobrium /əˈprəʊbriəm/

سرزنش، بی آبرویی

Definition: انتقاد تند یا بی آبرویی عمومی

Synonym (+): disgrace (رسوایی)

Antonym (-): praise (ستایش)

Word Family: opprobrious (رسواکننده)

142. Ostentatious / psten tei ss/

تظاهراًميز، خودنما

طراحی شده برای جلب توجه :Definition

Synonym (+): showy (پرزرق و برق)

Antonym (-): modest (متعارف)

Word Family: ostentation (تظاهر)

143. Palliate / 'pælieɪt/

تسكين دادن، تخفيف دادن

Definition: كاهش شدت بدون حذف علت

Synonym (+): soothe (تسكين دادن)

Antonym (-): exacerbate (تشدید کردن)

Word Family: palliation (تسكين)

144. Paragon / 'pærəgon/

الگو، نمونه كامل

مدلی از برتری یا کمال :Definition

Synonym (+): exemplar (نمونه)

Antonym (-): mediocrity (میان مایگی)

Word Family: paragonize (الگو قرار دادن)

145. Pariah /pəˈraɪə/

منفور جامعه، طردشده

Definition: فرد طرد شده از جامعه

Synonym (+): outcast (طردشده)

Antonym (-): insider (درون گروه)

Word Family: pariahdom (حالت طردشدگی)

146. Parsimonious / pa:si məuniəs/

خسیس، کمخرج

Definition: بىمىلى به خرج كردن پول يا منابع

Synonym (+): stingy (خسيس)

Antonym (-): generous (سخاوتمند)

Word Family: parsimony (خست)

147. Pejorative /pɪˈdʒɒrətɪv/

تحقيراًميز، توهيناًميز

بیانگر تحقیر یا عدم تأیید :Definition

Synonym (+): derogatory (تحقيراًميز)

Antonym (-): complimentary (ستایش آمیز)

Word Family: pejoration (تحقير)

148. Penchant /'profr/

گرایش، میل شدید

Definition: علاقه یا تمایل قوی به چیزی

Synonym (+): inclination (تمايل)

Antonym (-): aversion (بيزاري)

Word Family: penchantless (بي تمايل)

149. Perfunctory /pəˈfʌŋktəri/

سطحی، بدون دقت

انجام شده با حداقل تلاش یا علاقه :Definition

Synonym (+): cursory (سريع و سطحي)

Antonym (-): thorough (کامل)

Word Family: perfunctoriness (سطحی بودن)

150. Pernicious /pa: 'nıʃəs/

زیانبار، مضر

دارای اثر مضر به ویژه به صورت تدریجی Definition:

Synonym (+): harmful (مضر)

Antonym (-): beneficial (سودمند)

Word Family: perniciousness (زيانباري)

151. Perspicacious / ps:spi kei ss/

تیزبین، زیرک

دارای بینش تیز :Definition

Synonym (+): shrewd (زير ک)



Antonym (-): obtuse (کندذهن)

Word Family: perspicacity (تيزبينى)

152. Petulant / petjolant/

كجخلق، زودرنج

به شكل كودكانه ناراحت يا بدخلق :Definition

Synonym (+): irritable (تحریکپذیر)

Antonym (-): good-natured (خوشخلق)

Word Family: petulance (کجخلقی)

153. Phlegmatic /fleg mætik/

آرام، خونسرد

آرام و بدون هیجان، به ویژه در شرایط دشوار :Definition

Synonym (+): composed (اًرام)

Antonym (-): excitable (هيجان پذير)

Word Family: phlegm (آرامش)

154. Pithy / p $i\theta i$ /

مختصر و مفید، پر مغز

مختصر و به شدت گویا :Definition

Synonym (+): concise (مختصر)

Antonym (-): verbose (يرگفتار)

Word Family: pithiness (مغزدار بودن)

155. Placate /pləˈkeɪt/

آرام کردن، تسکین دادن

Definition: کاهش خشم یا خصومت کسی

Synonym (+): appease (اًرام کردن)

Antonym (-): provoke (تحریک کردن)

Word Family: placation (آرام سازی)

156. Platitude / plætītju:d/

کلیشه، حرف پیش پا افتاده

عبارت کلیشهای و فاقد اصالت :Definition

Synonym (+): cliché (کلیشه)

Antonym (-): profundity (عمق)

Word Family: platitudinous (کلیشهای)

157. Plethora /ˈplεθərə/

فراوانی بیش از حد

مقدار یا تعداد بیش از حد چیزی :Definition

Synonym (+): excess (زيادى)

Antonym (-): scarcity (کمبود)

Word Family: plethoric (فراوان)



158. Poignant / poinjont/

تلخ و تأثرانگیز

برانگیزنده حس شدید غم یا حسرت: Definition

Synonym (+): moving (تأثير گذار)

Antonym (-): unemotional (بى احساس)

Word Family: poignancy (تأثرانگيزى)

159. Precipitous /pri sipitəs/

شیب تند، ناگهانی

Definition: بسیار شیبدار یا ناگهانی

Synonym (+): steep (پرتگاه)

Antonym (-): gradual (تدريجى)

Word Family: precipitousness (سراشيبي)

160. Predilection / pri:di lek sən/

تمایل خاص، گرایش

Definition: ترجیح یا علاقه خاص به چیزی

Synonym (+): preference (ترجيح)

Antonym (-): aversion (بيزاري)

Word Family: predilect (ترجيح دادن)

161. Proclivity /prəˈklıvıti/

گرایش، تمایل

میل به انتخاب یا انجام کاری به طور منظم :Definition

Synonym (+): inclination (تمايل)

Antonym (-): aversion (بيزارى)

Word Family: proclivitous (متمايل)

162. Profligate / profligat/

اسرافكار، ولخرج

بى پروا اسرافگر يا ضايع كننده :Definition

Synonym (+): wasteful (ضايع كننده)

Antonym (-): frugal (مقتصد)

Word Family: profligacy (اسراف)

163. Propitious /prəˈpɪʃəs/

مساعد، خوشيمن

Definition: نشان دهنده شانس خوبی برای موفقیت

Synonym (+): favorable (مساعد)

Antonym (-): unfavorable (نامساعد)

Word Family: propitiousness (مساعدت)

164. Prosaic /prəˈzeɪɪk/

عادی، غیرشاعرانه

فاقد زيبايي شاعرانه؛ كسل كننده :Definition

Synonym (+): mundane (پیش یا افتاده)

Antonym (-): poetic (شاعرانه)

(عادی گویی) Word Family: prosaism

165. Pugnacious /pʌgˈneɪʃəs/

ستيزهجو، جنگجو

مشتاق یا سریع به بحث یا جنگ :Definition

Synonym (+): combative (جنگنده)

Antonym (-): peaceful (صلحطلب)

Word Family: pugnacity (ستيزهجويي)

166. Pulchritude / palkritju:d/

زيبايي ظاهري

Definition: زيبايي فيزيكي

Synonym (+): beauty (زيبايي)

Antonym (-): ugliness (زشتی)

Word Family: pulchritudinous (زيبارو)

167. Quagmire / kwægmaɪə/

گرفتاری، باتلاق

Definition: وضعیت پیچیده یا دشوار

Synonym (+): predicament (مخمصه)

Antonym (-): solution (راه حل)

Word Family: quagmiry (باتلاقي)

168. Querulous / kwerolos/

نق نقو، شكايت كننده

شکایت به روش بچگانه یا نق زننده :Definition

Synonym (+): whining (نق نقو)

Antonym (-): contented (راضی)

Word Family: querulousness (نق نقویی)

169. Quixotic /kwik'sptik/

خيال پردازانه، غيرعملي

Definition: غیرواقع گرایانه در پیگیری اَرمانها

Synonym (+): unrealistic (غيرواقعى)

Antonym (-): pragmatic (عملگرا)

Word Family: quixotism (آرمان گرایی)

170. Rancor / rænkə/

کینه، دشمنی

Definition: خشم یا رنجش تلخ

Synonym (+): bitterness (تلخي)



Antonym (-): goodwill (نيت خير)

Word Family: rancorous (کینه توز)

171. Recalcitrant /rɪˈkælsɪtrənt/

سرکش، یکدنده

Definition: مقاومت упрямо در برابر اقتدار

Synonym (+): unruly (نافرمان)

Antonym (-): compliant (فرمانبردار)

Word Family: recalcitrance (سرکشی)

172. Redolent / redələnt/

معطر، ياداًور

به شدت یادآور یا حاکی از چیزی :Definition

Synonym (+): fragrant (خوشبو)

Antonym (-): odorless (بىبو)

Word Family: redolence (عطر)

173. Refractory /rɪˈfræktəri/

سرکش، مقاوم

Definition: سرسخت یا غیرقابل کنترل

Synonym (+): stubborn (سرسخت)

Antonym (-): obedient (فرمانبردار)

Word Family: refractoriness (سرکشی)

174. Reprobate / reprobeit/

فاسد، منحط

فرد بى اصول اخلاقى :Definition

Synonym (+): rogue (شرور)

Antonym (-): virtuous (فضيلتمند)

Word Family: reprobation (محکومیت)

175. Reticent / retisant/

كمحرف، خوددار

عدم افشای اسان افکار یا احساسات: Definition

Synonym (+): reserved (محتاط)

Antonym (-): talkative (يرحرف)

Word Family: reticence (کم گویی)

176. Ribald / 'rıbəld/

شوخیهای جنسی زننده

Definition: اشاره به مسائل جنسی به روشی زننده

Synonym (+): bawdy (هرزهگویانه)

Antonym (-): decent (متعارف)

Word Family: ribaldry (هرزهگویی)



177. Sagacious /səˈgeɪʃəs/

خردمند، زیرک

دارای قضاوت و تشخیص ذهنی قوی :Definition

Synonym (+): wise (خردمند)

Antonym (-): foolish (احمقانه)

Word Family: sagacity (خردمندی)

178. Salubrious /səˈluːbriəs/

سالم، بهداشتی

Definition: ترويج سلامت يا تندرستي

Synonym (+): healthy (سالم)

Antonym (-): unhealthy (ناسالم)

Word Family: salubrity (سلامتبخشي)

179. Sanguine / sængwin/

خوشبين، اميدوار

مثبتنگر حتی در شرایط بد :Definition

Synonym (+): optimistic (خوشبين)

Antonym (-): pessimistic (بدبين)

Word Family: sanguineness (خوش بینی)

180. Sardonic /saːˈdɒnɪk/

تلخ كنايهاي، طعنه آميز

Definition: تمسخر بدبینانه یا تلخ

Synonym (+): sarcastic (كنايه أميز)

Antonym (-): sincere (صادقانه)

Word Family: sardonicism (کنایه گویی)

181. Scintillating / sıntıleıtın/

درخشان، هوشمندانه

برق زننده؛ بسیار باهوش :Definition

Synonym (+): sparkling (درخشان)

Antonym (-): dull (کسل کننده)

Word Family: scintillation (درخشش)

182. Seditious /sɪˈdɪʃəs/

تحریکآمیز، شورشگر

تحریک به شورش علیه اقتدار :Definition

Synonym (+): rebellious (شورشي)

Antonym (-): loyal (وفادار)

Word Family: sedition (تحریک)

183. Sententious /sen'ten[9s/

موعظه گر، خودپسندانه

Definition: اخلاق گرایی به روش متکبرانه

Synonym (+): preachy (موعظه گر

Antonym (-): humble (فروتن)

(موعظه گری) Word Family: sententiousness

184. Solipsism / splipsizəm/

خودبيني فلسفي

نظریهای که فقط خود وجود دارد :Definition

Synonym (+): egocentrism (خودمحوری)

Antonym (-): altruism (دیگرخواهی)

Word Family: solipsistic (خودبين)

185. Soporific / sppəˈrɪfik/

خوابآور

تمایل به ایجاد خواب :Definition

Synonym (+): sleepy (خواباً ور)

Antonym (-): stimulating (تحریک کننده)

Word Family: sopor (خواب)

186. Spurious / spjuorios/

جعلى، نادرست

غيراصيل يا نادرست :Definition

Synonym (+): fake (جعلى)

Antonym (-): genuine (اصيل)

Word Family: spuriousness (نادرستى)

187. Stentorian /sten'to:riən/

يرصدا، رسا

بلند و قدرتمند (به ویژه صدا) Definition:

Synonym (+): booming (پرصدا)

Antonym (-): quiet (آهسته)

Word Family: stentor (صدای بلند)

188. Strident / straident/

ناهنجار، گوشخراش

بلند و ناخوشایند :Definition

Synonym (+): harsh (خشن)

Antonym (-): soft (ملايم)

Word Family: stridency (ناهنجاری)

189. Stymie / staimi/

مانع شدن، بازداشتن

Pefinition: جلوگیری از پیشرفت

Synonym (+): obstruct (مانع شدن)



Antonym (-): facilitate (تسهيل كردن)

Word Family: stymieing (بازدارندگی)

190. Subjugate / sabdzogett/

مطیع کردن، تحت سلطه درآوردن

تحت تسلط یا کنترل درآوردن :Definition

Synonym (+): conquer (فتح کردن)

Antonym (-): liberate (اَزاد کردن)

Word Family: subjugation (انقياد)

191. Supercilious / su:pəˈsɪliəs/

متكبر، از بالا به پايين نگاه كننده

رفتار یا نگاهی که نشان برتری دهد :Definition

Synonym (+): arrogant (مغرور)

(فروتن) Antonym (-): humble

Word Family: superciliousness (تكبر)

192. Surreptitious / sarap tisas/

مخفیانه، پنهانی

Definition: مخفى نگه داشته شده

Synonym (+): covert (پنهاني)

Antonym (-): overt (آشکار)

Word Family: surreptitiousness (پنهانکاری)

193. Sycophant / sikəfænt/

چاپلوس، تملق گو

فردی که برای منفعت تملق می گوید :Definition

Synonym (+): flatterer (چاپلوس)

Antonym (-): critic (منتقد)

Word Family: sycophancy (چاپلوسی)

194. Taciturn / 'tæsɪtɜːn/

كمحرف، ساكت

کم گو در سخن گفتن :Definition

Synonym (+): silent (ساكت)

Antonym (-): loquacious (يرگو)

Word Family: taciturnity (کم گویی)

195. Temerity /tɪˈmɛrɪti/

جرأت بيجا، گستاخي

Definition: اعتماد به نفس یا جسارت بیش از حد

Synonym (+): audacity (جسارت)

Antonym (-): caution (احتياط)

Word Family: temerarious (بي پروا)



196. Tenacious /tɪˈneɪʃəs/

سمج، پایدار

یافشاری کننده؛ مصمم :Definition

Synonym (+): persistent (پایدار)

Antonym (-): yielding (تسليم شونده)

Word Family: tenacity (یافشاری)

197. Tenuous / tenjues/

ضعیف، نازک

بسيار ضعيف يا ناچيز :Definition

Synonym (+): fragile (شكننده)

Antonym (-): strong (قوى)

Word Family: tenuousness (ضعف)

198. Timorous / timeres/

ترسو، محتاط

Definition: نشان دهنده عصبی بودن یا کمرویی

Synonym (+): timid (ترسو)

Antonym (-): bold (بي پروا)

Word Family: timorousness (ترسویی)

199. Truculent / trakjulent/

ستيزهجو، جنگطلب

مشتاق یا سریع به بحث یا جنگ :Definition

Synonym (+): aggressive (تهاجمی)

Antonym (-): peaceful (صلحطلب)

Word Family: truculence (ستيزهجويي)

200. Ubiquitous /ju: 'bıkwıtəs/

همهجا حاضر، فراگير

حاضر، ظاهر یا یافت شده در همه جا :Definition

Synonym (+): omnipresent (همه جا حاضر)

Antonym (-): rare (نادر)

Word Family: ubiquity (همهجایی بودن)